



THE ROLE OF THE NATIONAL IDEA IN BUILDING A LEGAL DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

Hasanova Diyora

2nd year student of Navoi State University

Egamberdiev Shavkatbek

Andijan State Technical Institute

4th year student in the direction of "Economics"

Abstract: The article is devoted to the topic "The role of the national idea in building a legal democratic society". The article analyzes in detail the national idea, its essence and meaning, as well as the role in the formation of a legal democratic society. The national idea, based on the historical, cultural and spiritual heritage of the people, is considered as the unifying force of society. The article shows the relationship of the national idea with the basic principles of a legal democratic society, including such concepts as human rights, freedoms and justice. It also discusses the conditions necessary for the development and strengthening of the national idea, changes in the education and upbringing system, public activity and the role of civil society.

Keywords: legal democratic society, national idea, cultural heritage, historical heritage, human rights, freedom, education and upbringing, civil society.

Introduction. The national idea is an ideological system formed on the basis of unique historical, cultural, spiritual and social values of the people, determining its future and development. It serves as a force that unites the people, preserving and developing its identity. The essence of the national idea is that it helps the people understand themselves, evaluate their history and culture, set goals for the future. The significance of the national idea is very great. Firstly, it ensures the unity and cohesion of the people. Through the national idea, people feel themselves as a single whole, strengthen their ties. This leads to social stability. Secondly, the national idea plays an important role in strengthening the spiritual and moral foundations of society. It contributes to the spiritual elevation of people, the development of such values as patriotism, justice, freedom and equality.

The national idea is of particular importance in the formation of a legal democratic society. In such a society, the principles of human rights, freedoms and justice play an important role [1]. The national idea contributes to the development of these principles, encouraging people to understand their rights and protect them. Members of a society whose citizenship is formed on the basis of the national idea can defend their rights, fight for justice and actively participate in democratic processes. The national idea also plays an important role in ensuring social justice in a legal democratic society. It encourages people to treat equality, justice and respect for human rights. This ensures social stability in society and guarantees the protection of the rights of every person. In addition, the national idea is also important in the education system. It is necessary to instill knowledge of national values, history and culture through education, as well as to educate the younger generation in the spirit of patriotism. This process helps to strengthen the national idea and creates the basis for the active participation of the future generation in the formation of a legal democratic society. The national idea is also relevant in the context of modern global problems. In the context of globalization processes, cultural exchanges and economic competition, the national idea acts as a unifying factor for the people. It is the guiding force in preserving the identity of the people, protecting their cultural heritage and promoting

development. As a result, the national idea plays a central role in the formation of a legal democratic society [2]. It unites the people, increases spirituality and ensures social justice. Every citizen must respect the national idea and actively participate in its development. Thus, the national idea serves as an important tool not only for preserving the identity of our people, but also for building a legal democratic society.

A democratic society based on the rule of law is a system that ensures the equality of citizens, based on the principles of human rights, freedoms and justice. In such a society, everyone has the opportunity to freely express their opinion, protect their rights and receive fair governance. The national idea, in turn, is the unifying force of society, based on the historical, cultural and spiritual heritage of the people. There is a deep connection between these two concepts.

Human rights are the innate and inalienable rights of every person. They include such fundamental rights as life, liberty, personal security and the right to property. In a democratic society based on the rule of law, human rights are protected and developed. The national idea, in turn, encourages the recognition and respect of these rights. Thanks to the historical experience and cultural values of the nation, human rights help people to realize their identity. For example, the national idea encourages citizens to know and protect their rights, which serves to ensure justice and equality in society. Freedoms are the freedom of the individual to express their opinion, make choices and act. In a democratic society based on the rule of law, freedoms are protected and developed. The national idea plays an important role in ensuring freedoms. As a unifying force of the people, it encourages every citizen to freely express their opinion, preserve and develop their culture. Thanks to the national idea, people can communicate, exchange ideas and show respect for each other. This ensures social stability. Justice is the principle of equal recognition and protection of the rights of every person. Justice is the fundamental principle of a democratic society based on the rule of law. The national idea plays an important role in ensuring justice [3]. It encourages people to strive for fair governance and serves to strengthen trust between citizens. Thanks to the national idea, people can establish fair relations with each other, ensure social equality and maintain stability in society. To further deepen the connection between these two concepts, the national idea should promote respect for human rights and freedoms. If the national idea is aimed only at preserving historical and cultural values, then it will not be enough to solve the problems of modern life. Therefore, the national idea must constantly evolve and adapt to the demands of the times. In a democratic legal society, the national idea serves not only to preserve the historical heritage, but also to encourage citizens to actively participate. In this process, citizens can freely express their opinions, interact with the authorities and participate in public processes based on the principles of human rights, freedoms and justice. This ensures social stability in society. As a result, the connection between a democratic legal society and the national idea is manifested through respect for human rights, ensuring freedoms and implementing justice. Together, these principles help the people to realize their identity and pave the way for the creation of a stable and just society for future generations. The national idea not only reflects the history of the people, but also determines their future.

The development and strengthening of the national idea is of great importance for the future of every society. The success of this process is directly related to a number of conditions, including changes in the education and upbringing system, social activity and the role of civil society.

First of all, it is necessary to create the necessary conditions for the development of the national idea. Among these conditions, political stability, economic prosperity and a strong cultural environment play an important role. Political stability is a key factor in the development of the national idea, strengthening trust between citizens and promoting unification. Economic prosperity, in turn, contributes to an increase in the standard of living of the people, which, in turn, leads to the strengthening of the national idea. The development of the cultural environment, in turn, allows us to preserve the historical heritage of the people and pass it on to new generations [4]. Secondly, changes in the education and upbringing system play an important role in the development of the national idea. The modern education system should, first of all, be aimed at educating the younger generation in the spirit of national values. In education, such

issues as studying the foundations of the national idea, respect for the historical heritage and culture are of great importance. Young people need to be brought up to love their country, respect its history and culture. This also promotes the development of creativity and critical thinking in the educational process, and the education of young people as active citizens.

Thirdly, social activity is an important factor in strengthening the national idea. Citizens must know their rights and freedoms and actively participate in public processes. Social activity ensures the unification of citizens and the achievement of common goals. Such activity additionally strengthens the national idea, since citizens can freely express their opinions, contributing to changes in society. Public organizations, the non-governmental sector and social movements play an important role in the development of the national idea.

Fourthly, the role of civil society is also important in strengthening the national idea. Civil society is a set of organizations and movements that regulate social relations between citizens, protect their rights and help ensure justice in society [5]. The active participation of civil society contributes to the development of the national idea. It unites citizens, listens to their opinions and encourages them to actively participate in the life of society. At the same time, the use of modern technologies and means of communication is also important for the development of the national idea. Thanks to the Internet and social networks, young people can freely express their opinions and promote national values. This contributes to the widespread dissemination and strengthening of the national idea. As a result, the conditions necessary for the development and strengthening of the national idea, changes in the education and upbringing system, public activity and the role of civil society are closely interconnected. Each factor, in turn, serves to further strengthen the national idea. By implementing these processes in combination, we can create a stable, fair and prosperous society. Conclusion. In conclusion, it should be noted that the national idea plays an important role in building a democratic society based on the rule of law. It strengthens the historical and cultural identity of the people, strengthens the sense of unity and solidarity. The national idea encourages citizens to recognize their rights and responsibilities, ensure social justice and develop economic stability. It also promotes open dialogue and exchange of ideas, which strengthens democratic processes in society. As a result, the national idea serves as the main basis for the formation of a democratic society based on the rule of law, paving the way for active participation of citizens and fair development.

References:

1. Guljonovna, Shodiyeva Dilshoda. "STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING SOCIAL JUSTICE AND LEGAL CULTURE IN A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY." *IKRO Journal* 14.02 (2025): 1201-1204.
2. Nodirovna, Norqulova Husnora. "IMPROVING LEGAL AWARENESS AND CULTURE IN SOCIETY." *The Best Intellectual Studies* 43.2 (2025): 123-127.
3. Kamron Ulugbek o'g, Komiljonov. "LEGAL NORMS AND THEIR PLACE IN SOCIETY." *CRITICAL VIEW, ANALYTICAL THINKING AND INNOVATIVE IDEAS* 1.8 (2025): 278-281.
4. Komiljonov o'g, Jo'rayev Sherzodbek. "CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: THE CONSTITUTIONAL SYSTEM OF UZBEKISTAN AND GOVERNMENT." *MODELS AND METHODS FOR INCREASING THE EFFICIENCY OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH* 4.45 (2025): 18-23.
5. Rasulov, Hakim. "IMPROVING LEGAL CULTURE – AS AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN SOCIO-POLITICAL RELATIONS." *Bulletin of scientific research TUES* 1.2 (2023): 212-218.